

Rabobank New Zealand Limited Disclosure Statement

For the nine months ended 30 September 2017

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General information and definitions

The information contained in this Disclosure Statement is as required by section 81 of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Act 1989 and the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (New Zealand Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended) ("Order").

In this Disclosure Statement, in accordance with the requirements of the Order and unless the context otherwise requires:

- "Bank" and "Banking Group" refer to Rabobank New Zealand Limited
- "Rabobank" refers to Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A.

General matters

Composition of the Board of directors

There have been no changes in the composition of the Bank's board of directors since 31 December 2016.

Signing of the Disclosure Statement

Daryl Johnson, Chief Executive Officer of the Bank, has signed this Disclosure Statement on behalf of the following directors:

- Sir Henricus (Henry) Wilhelmus van der Heyden (Chairman)
- Geerten Battjes
- Andrew James Borland
- Anne Bernadette Brennan
- William Patrick Gurry
- Peter James Knoblanche
- Bernardus Jacobus Marttin
- Jan Alexander Pruijs

Resignation of Chief Executive Officer

Daryl Johnson has resigned as Chief Executive Officer of the Bank. His resignation will take effect on 22 December 2017. The Bank has commenced a process to appoint a new Chief Executive Officer.

Credit ratings

The Bank has the following general credit rating applicable to its long term senior unsecured obligations, including obligations payable in New Zealand, in New Zealand dollars.

On 15 September 2017, Standard & Poor's changed its credit rating on the Registered Bank from A (stable) to A (positive) on receding economic imbalances in the Netherlands which saw the parent's credit rating lift.

Rating Agency	Current Credit Rating
Standard & Poor's	A (positive)

Auditors for the Bank

Ashley Wood PricewaterhouseCoopers One International Towers, Watermans Quay Barangaroo, NSW 2000 Australia

Guarantee arrangements

Under a series of guarantees, Rabobank guaranteed all the Bank's obligations. Each such guarantee has now expired, except that all obligations incurred by the Bank while a guarantee was current and before the guarantee expired remain guaranteed until those obligations are repaid. The only obligations that remain guaranteed are therefore obligations that were incurred before the close of 30 April 2015 and that have not subsequently been repaid e.g. A deposit obligation incurred before 30 April 2015 will have been repaid (and the deposit obligation will have ceased to be guaranteed) if the deposit is paid into an account with another bank.

Guarantee arrangements (continued)

Based on the above, material obligations of the Bank are guaranteed as at the date its directors signed this Disclosure Statement. All new obligations incurred by the Bank after 30 April 2015 are not guaranteed.

Details of guarantor

The name and New Zealand address for services of the guarantor are:

Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. (Rabobank)

Level 23 157 Lambton Quay Wellington New Zealand Rabobank is not a member of the Banking Group.

Rabobank has the following credit ratings applicable to its long term senior unsecured obligations payable in the currency of its incorporation (The Netherlands).

Rating Agency	Current Credit Rating
Standard & Poor's	A+ (positive)
Moody's	Aa2 (negative)
Fitch	AA- (stable)

Details of guaranteed obligations

There are no limits on the amount of the obligations guaranteed under any of the expired guarantees and no material conditions applicable to the guarantees other than non-performance by the Bank. However, the fact that the guarantees have expired means that, for an obligation to be covered, it must (1) have been incurred before the close of 30 April 2015 and (2) not have been subsequently repaid.

There are no material legislative or regulatory restrictions in the Netherlands which would have the effect of subordinating the claims, under the above guarantees, of any of the creditors of the Bank on the assets of Rabobank, to other claims on Rabobank, in a winding up of Rabobank.

Further information about the guarantees

The Bank's most recent full year Disclosure Statement contains further information about the above guarantees. The Bank's most recent full year Disclosure Statement is available immediately, if the request is made at the Bank's head office, or within five working days if a request is made at any branch or agency of the Bank. Alternatively, it can also be accessed at the Bank's internet address **www.rabobank.co.nz**.

Material cross guarantee

No material obligations of the Bank are guaranteed under a cross guarantee arrangement.

Insurance business

The Banking Group does not conduct any insurance business.

Pending proceedings or arbitration

There are no pending legal proceedings or arbitrations concerning any member of the Banking Group, whether in New Zealand or elsewhere, that may have a material adverse effect on the Bank or the Banking Group.

Conditions of registration

There were no changes to the Conditions of Registration between 30 June 2017 and 30 September 2017.

Conditions of registration (continued)

The Bank has not complied with all its Conditions of Registration in the nine month period ended 30 September 2017. The items of non-compliance are as follows:

- Condition 7 provides that no appointment of an executive who reports or is accountable directly to the Bank's Chief Executive Officer is made unless the Reserve Bank of New Zealand has been supplied with certain information about the proposed appointee and has advised that it has no objection to the appointment. The Bank's New Zealand Head of Risk began reporting directly to the Bank's Chief Executive Officer before the Bank had been advised by the Reserve Bank that the Reserve Bank had no objection to that direct reporting. On 11 July 2017 the Reserve Bank advised the Bank that it had no objection to that direct reporting.
- Condition 6(c) requires at least half of the Bank's Board members to be independent directors. The Reserve Bank's Corporate Governance Document BS14 provides that one of the criteria for a director to be "independent" is that the director is not a director of a sister company of the Bank, except that a director may still be considered independent if the Reserve Bank has confirmed that none of the sister company directorships held by the director disqualify him or her from being an independent director. On 2 November 2016, Andrew Borland was appointed a director of the Bank, as well as a director of Rabo Australia Limited and Rabobank Australia Limited, each a sister company of the Bank. At the time of those appointments, no confirmation had been obtained from the Reserve Bank that Andrew Borland's sister company directorships did not disqualify him from being an independent director of the Bank. As a result of there having been no such confirmation, Andrew Borland was not considered an independent director of the Bank, which resulted in non-compliance with Condition 6(c). The Bank self-reported the matter to the Reserve Bank on 30 October 2017. The Reserve Bank has confirmed that, from 23 November 2017, Andrew Borland's sister company directorships do not disqualify him from being an independent director. The non-compliance therefore ended on 23 November 2017.
- Condition 9(d) requires a majority of the members of the Bank's Board Audit Committee to be independent directors. Because Andrew Borland was not an independent director of the Bank (for the reasons and period set out above), the Bank also did not comply with Condition 9(d). The non-compliance was from 2 November 2016 (when Andrew Borland was appointed to the Board Audit Committee) until 23 November 2017.

Risk management policies

Since 30 June 2017:

- there has been no material change in the Banking Group's policies for managing credit, currency, interest rate, liquidity, operational, and other material business risks (the Banking Group does not take any equity risk); and
- the Banking Group has not become exposed to a new category of risk to which the Banking Group was not previously exposed.

Securitisation, funds management, other fiduciary activities and the marketing and distribution of insurance products

The Banking Group has no involvement in the origination of securitised assets, the marketing or servicing of securitisation schemes or the marketing and distribution of insurance products.

The Bank has decided to cease offering managed funds through RaboDirect, its online banking and investments service. This decision includes the Cash Advantage Fund (CAF) and Term Advantage Fund (TAF). For managed funds excluding the CAF and TAF, the Bank expects to complete the process to effect such cessation before 31 March 2018. The CAF will be wound-up on 13 March 2018 with the proceeds returned as cash to unitholders. No further investments were accepted into the TAF from 3 October 2017 and existing investors will have their investments

repaid as they mature. Existing RaboDirect managed funds customers (excluding the CAF and TAF) have been offered the option to shift their fund holdings to another distributor of third party managed funds, InvestNow Saving and Investment Services Limited.

Since 30 June 2017, there have been no other material changes in:

- the nature of the Banking Group's involvement in the establishment, marketing, or sponsorship of trust, custodial, funds management, or other fiduciary activities; or
- any arrangements which have been put in place to ensure that difficulties arising from those activities would not impact adversely on the Banking Group.

Over the nine month period ended 30 September 2017, no services have been provided, other than on arm's length terms and conditions and at fair value, by the Banking Group to any entity involved in the establishment, marketing, or sponsorship of trust, custodial, funds management, or other fiduciary activities.

Over the nine month period ended 30 September 2017, no assets have been purchased, other than on arms length terms and conditions and at fair value, by the Banking Group from any entity involved in the establishment, marketing, or sponsorship of trust, custodial, funds management, or other fiduciary activities.

Other material matters

There have been no matters relating to the business or affairs of the Bank that:

- (i) are not contained elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement; and
- (ii) would, if disclosed, materially affect the decision of a person to subscribe for debt securities of which the Bank is the issuer.

Directors' Statement

After due enquiry, each director believes that:

- (i) as at the date on which the Disclosure Statement is signed:
 - The Disclosure Statement contains all the information that is required by the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (New Zealand Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended); and
 - The Disclosure Statement is not false or misleading; and
- (ii) over the nine month period ended 30 September 2017:
 - The Bank has not complied with all Conditions of Registration that applied during that period see the disclosure above under the heading Conditions of registration;
 - Credit exposures to connected persons (if any) were not contrary to the interests of the Banking Group; and
 - The Bank had systems in place to monitor and control adequately the Banking Group's material risks, including credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, currency risk, liquidity risk, operational risk and other business risks, and that those systems were being properly applied (the Bank does not have any equity risk, and therefore neither has nor requires any system to monitor or control equity risk).

Signed by Daryl Johnson, Chief Executive Officer, under an authority from each of the directors.

Dary Johnson

Dated: 24 November 2017

Statement of Comprehensive Income

in thousands of NZD	Note	Unaudited 9 months to 30/09/2017	Unaudited 9 months to 30/09/2016 ¹	Audited Year to 31/12/2016
Statement of income				
Interest income		408,580	432,215	571,676
Interest expense		(222,415)	(242,431)	(320,370)
Net interest income		186,165	189,784	251,306
Other income	3	1,808	873	1,224
Other expense	4	(640)	(831)	(1,073)
Other operating gains / (losses)	5	14	982	1,708
Non-interest income / (expense)		1,182	1,024	1,859
Operating income		187,347	190,808	253,165
Operating expenses		(75,364)	(78,295)	(111,197)
Impairment releases / (losses)	6	(2,676)	(13,881)	(15,105)
Profit before income tax		109,307	98,632	126,863
Income tax expense		(30,825)	(28,249)	(37,394)
Profit after income tax		78,482	70,383	89,469
Other comprehensive income for the period/year				
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Changes in AFS financial assets revaluation reserve	14	1,201	4,456	956
Income tax expense relating to changes in AFS financial assets revaluation reserve	14	(336)	(1,248)	(268)
Total items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		865	3,208	688
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
Other reserves		-	-	-
Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Total other comprehensive income for the period/year		- 865	3,208	688
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of Rabobank New Zealand Limited		79,347	73,591	90,157

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

¹ Prior period comparatives have been restated. Refer to note 2.6 for details.

Statement of Financial Position

		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
in thousands of NZD	Note	At 30/09/2017	At 30/09/2016 ¹	At 31/12/2016
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		281,839	210,274	283,588
Derivative financial instruments		3,967	5,943	3,960
Available-for-sale financial assets	7	656,519	687,629	724,154
Loans and advances	8	9,954,933	9,607,473	9,652,399
Due from related entities	10	506,688	578,644	615,166
Other assets		5,881	5,617	4,405
Income tax receivable		-	319	-
Net deferred tax assets		13,258	16,291	18,936
Property, plant and equipment		4,332	5,059	4,789
Intangible assets		97	139	129
Total assets		11,427,514	11,117,388	11,307,526
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments		4,023	6,083	4,048
Deposits	11	3,935,361	3,951,904	4,141,448
Due to related entities	12	5,955,144	5,497,399	5,468,435
Subordinated debt	13	60,217	301,148	304,554
Current tax payable		16,260	-	10,492
Other liabilities		7,539	7,770	9,071
Provisions		3,037	3,064	2,892
Total liabilities		9,981,581	9,767,368	9,940,940
Net assets		1,445,933	1,350,020	1,366,586
Equity				
Contributed equity	14.1	551,200	551,200	551,200
Reserves	14.2	1,668	3,323	803
Retained earnings		893,065	795,497	814,583
Total equity		1,445,933	1,350,020	1,366,586

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

¹ Prior period comparatives have been restated. Refer to note 2.6 for details.

Statement of Changes in Equity

in thousands of NZD	Contributed equity	Retained earnings	Reserves	Total
At 1 January 2016	EE1 200	725 114	115	1 276 420
At 1 January 2016	551,200	725,114	-	1,276,429
Net profit	-	70,383	-	70,383
Total other comprehensive income:				
Revaluation reserve - AFS financial assets	-	-	3,208	3,208
At 30 September 2016 (Unaudited)	551,200	795,497	3,323	1,350,020
At 1 January 2016	551,200	725,114	115	1,276,429
Net profit	=	89,469	-	89,469
Total other comprehensive income:				
Revaluation reserve - AFS financial assets		-	688	688
At 31 December 2016 (Audited)	551,200	814,583	803	1,366,586
At 1 January 2017	551,200	814,583	803	1,366,586
Net profit	-	78,482	-	78,482
Total other comprehensive income:				
Revaluation reserve - AFS financial assets	=	-	865	865
At 30 September 2017 (Unaudited)	551,200	893,065	1,668	1,445,933

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

		Unaudited 9 months to	Unaudited 9 months to	Audited Year to
in thousands of NZD	Note	30/09/2017	30/09/2016 ¹	31/12/2016
Cash flows from operating activities				
Interest received		401,035	426,381	565,726
Interest paid		(222,259)	(253,405)	(321,799)
Other cash inflows provided by operating activities		1,808	1,872	2,903
Other cash outflows used in operating activities		(96,219)	(102,857)	(134,754)
Cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities		84,365	71,991	112,076
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities		(321,804)	(211,611)	(146,440)
Net cash flows from / (used in) operating activities	17	(237,439)	(139,620)	(34,364)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Cash outflows used in investing activities		(379)	(463)	(464)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(379)	(463)	(464)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Net changes in financing liabilities		236,069	142,707	110,766
Net cash flows from / (used in) financing activities		236,069	142,707	110,766
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(1,749)	2,624	75,938
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period / year		283,588	207,650	207,650
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period / year		281,839	210,274	283,588
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period / year comprise:				
Cash at bank and on hand		281,839	210,274	283,588
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period / year		281,839	210,274	283,588

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

¹ Prior period comparatives have been restated. Refer to note 2.6 for details.

1. Reporting entity

Rabobank New Zealand Limited is the reporting entity and incorporated in New Zealand.

The interim financial statements of the Bank are presented as at and for the nine months ended 30 September 2017. The Bank is primarily involved in the provision of secured loans predominantly to borrowers in the rural industry, and in raising retail deposits. There were no significant changes during the nine month period in the nature of the activities of the Bank.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These interim financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with the requirements of the Order and the Reserve Bank Act, and in accordance with the requirements of New Zealand equivalent to International Accounting Standard ('NZ IAS') 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' and should be read in conjunction with the Bank's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016. These interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in annual financial statements and should therefore be read in conjunction with the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for derivative financial instruments and available-for-sale financial assets which have been measured at fair value. The going concern concept and the accrual basis of accounting have been adopted.

2.3 Estimates

The preparation of interim financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies. In preparing these interim financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Bank's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation of uncertainty were the same as those applied to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016.

2.4 Principal accounting policies

There have been no material changes in accounting policies during the interim financial period. The accounting policies used in the preparation of these interim financial statements are consistent with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the Bank's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

The Bank has not early adopted any NZ equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ('NZ IFRS') that are not yet in effect.

2.5 Functional and presentation currency

Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts are expressed in New Zealand dollars (NZD), the functional and presentation currency of the Bank, as this currency best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to the Bank. All financial information presented in NZD has been rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

2.6 Comparative figures

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

2 Basis of preparation (continued)

2.6 Comparative figures (continued)

Certain amounts reported as comparative information have changed as a result of a review of classifications. The correction has been applied by restating each of the affected financial statement line items for the prior periods. The following tables summarise the line items that have been impacted by this change on the Bank's financial statements. As a result, some of the sub-totals and totals disclosed have also been revised.

There was no impact to net assets, total comprehensive income after tax or cash and cash equivalents arising from these classification changes.

Statement of Comprehensive Income (Extract)

		Unaudited 9 months to		Unaudited 9 months to 30/09/2016
In thousands of NZD	Note	30/09/2016	Change	Restated
Other income / (expense)		42	(42)	
Other income	3	-	873	873
Other expense	4	-	(831)	(831)
Operating income		190,808	-	190,808
Profit before income tax		98,632	-	98,632
Net profit for the period/year		70,383	-	70,383
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of Rabobank Zealand Limited	New	73,591	-	73,591

Statement of Financial Position (Extract)

				Unaudited
		Unaudited		30/09/2016
In thousands of NZD	Note	30/09/2016	Change	Restated
Loans and advances	8	9,599,718	7,755	9,607,473
Other assets		13,372	(7,755)	5,617
Total assets		11,117,388	-	11,117,388
Deposits	11	3,924,093	27,811	3,951,904
Due to related entities	12	5,498,547	(1,148)	5,497,399
Subordinated debt	13	300,000	1,148	301,148
Other liabilities		35,581	(27,811)	7,770
Total liabilities		9,767,368	-	9,767,368

Statement of Cash Flows (Extract)

Net cash flows from / (used in) financing activities		280,991	(138,284)	142,707
Net changes in financing liabilities		280,991	(138,284)	142,707
Net cash flows from / (used in) operating activities	17	(277,904)	138,284	(139,620)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities		(349,895)	138,284	(211,611)
In thousands of NZD		30/09/2016	Change	Restated
		Unaudited		30/09/2016
				Unaudited

3 Other income

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	9 months to	9 months to	Year to
in thousands of NZD	30/09/2017	30/09/2016 ¹	31/12/2016
Lending and credit facility related fee income	1,223	846	1,196
Other income	585	27	28
Total other income	1,808	873	1,224

¹ Prior period comparatives have been restated. Refer to note 2.6 for details.

4 Other expense

Total other expense	(640)	(831)	(1,073)
Commission and fee expense*	(640)	(831)	(1,073)
in thousands of NZD	30/09/2017	30/09/2016 ¹	31/12/2016
	9 months to	9 months to	Year to
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited

* Balance relates to fee charged by Rabobank for the obligations incurred before the guarantee expired still remain guaranteed. Refer to note 22 for further information on the guarantees.

¹ Prior period comparatives have been restated. Refer to note 2.6 for details.

5 Other operating gains / (losses)

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	9 months to	9 months to	Year to
in thousands of NZD	30/09/2017	30/09/2016	31/12/2016
Net trading gains / (losses) on derivatives	443	231	339
Losses on disposal/write off of property, plant and equipment	-	(2)	-
Foreign exchange gains / (losses)	(429)	753	1,369
Total other operating gains / (losses)	14	982	1,708

6 Impairment losses

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	9 months to	9 months to	Year to
in thousands of NZD	30/09/2017	30/09/2016	31/12/2016
Collective provision releases / (losses)	2,455	(10,929)	(18,196)
Specific provision releases / (losses)	(5,131)	(2,964)	2,440
Other losses	-	-	631
Bad debt recovery		12	20
Total impairment releases / (losses)	(2,676)	(13,881)	(15,105)

7 Available-for-sale (AFS) financial assets

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017	30/09/2016	At 31/12/2016
New Zealand Government Securities	487,868	525,862	539,227
Other debt securities (Kauri)	168,651	161,767	184,927
Total available-for-sale financial assets	656,519	687,629	724,154

Additional information on liquidity portfolio

The Bank holds a portfolio of high quality liquid securities to support liquidity risk management. The size of the Bank's liquidity portfolio is based on the amount required to meet its liquidity requirements.

8 Loans and advances

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017	At 30/09/2016 ¹	At 31/12/2016
Lending	9,924,908	9,570,469	9,620,906
Finance leases	58,869	60,564	59,698
Gross loans and advances	9,983,777	9,631,033	9,680,604
Accrued interest	7,959	7,755	8,264
Provisions for doubtful debts:			
Collective	(29,738)	(24,927)	(32,194)
Specific	(7,065)	(6,388)	(4,275)
Net loans and advances	9,954,933	9,607,473	9,652,399

¹ Prior period comparatives have been restated. Refer to note 2.6 for details.

9 Credit quality, impaired assets and provision for impairment

	At 30/09/2017 (Unaudited)			
	Residential			
in thousands of NZD	mortgages	Corporate	Retail*	Total
End-period balances				
Individually impaired assets	=	-	222,610	222,610
Assets that are at least 90 days past due but not impaired	-	-	3,365	3,365
Specific provision	-	-	7,065	7,065
Collective provision	-	-	29,738	29,738
Charges to the Statement of Comprehensive Income				
Specific provision charges	=	-	(5,131)	(5,131)
Collective provision charges	-	-	2,455	2,455

* Retail exposures include lending to rural clients together with all other lending to small and medium businesses.

10 Due from related entities

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017	At 30/09/2016	At 31/12/2016
Current account balances - wholly owned group*	1,599	86,689	101,234
Advances - wholly owned group*	504,210	491,006	513,198
Accrued interest receivable - wholly owned group*	879	949	734
Total due from related entities	506,688	578,644	615,166

* The wholly owned group refers to other Rabobank related entities. Refer to note 22 for further information on related party disclosures.

11 Deposits

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017	At 30/09/2016 ¹	At 31/12/2016
Call deposits	1,733,588	1,884,767	1,929,543
Term deposits	2,177,558	2,039,326	2,181,543
Accrued interest on call deposits	54	45	51
Accrued interest on term deposits	24,161	27,766	30,311
Total deposits	3,935,361	3,951,904	4,141,448

¹ Prior period comparatives have been restated. Refer to note 2.6 for details.

12 Due to related entities

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017	At 30/09/2016 ¹	At 31/12/2016
Current account balances - wholly owned group*	8,686	5,522	29,400
Advances - wholly owned group*	5,904,743	5,463,778	5,407,960
Accrued interest payable - wholly owned group*	41,715	28,099	31,075
Total due to related entities	5,955,144	5,497,399	5,468,435

* The wholly owned group refers to other Rabobank related entities. Refer to note 22 for further information on related party disclosures.

¹ Prior period comparatives have been restated. Refer to note 2.6 for details.

13 Subordinated debt

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017	At 30/09/2016 ¹	At 31/12/2016
Due to wholly owned group*	60,000	300,000	300,000
Accrued interest payable - wholly owned group*	217	1,148	4,554
Total subordinated debt	60,217	301,148	304,554

The Bank issued to Rabobank (New Zealand Branch) perpetual subordinated debt with a principal amount of NZ\$300,000,000, and a based rate (i.e. BKBM FRA rate) plus a margin of 2.25 per cent per annum. During 2017, subordinated debt of \$240,000,000 was redeemed, leaving outstanding principal of \$60,000,000. Interest is payable semi-annually on the last days of February and August respectively. The subordinated debt was issued on 13 August 2010 and is subordinated in rights of payment in the event of liquidation or wind up to the claims of depositors and all creditors of the Bank. The debt is repayable on any date at the option of the Bank, subject to a Bank directors' resolution that repayment is in the best interest of the Bank, and the Bank giving at least 10 business days' irrevocable notice to the holder. Under the Basel III and RBNZ capital adequacy requirements, the perpetual subordinated debt progressively cease to be eligible Tier 2 capital for capital adequacy purposes as set out in table below. The subordinated debt instrument that currently qualifies as Tier 2 capital for capital adequacy purposes as at 30 September 2017 amounts to NZ\$60 million (31 December 2016; \$120 million, 30 September 2016; \$120 million).

¹ Prior period comparatives have been restated. Refer to note 2.6 for details.

Year commencing	Percentage of instruments that may be included in regulatory capital	
1 January 2014	80	
1 January 2015	60	
1 January 2016	40	
1 January 2017	20	
1 January 2018	0	

* The wholly owned group refers to other Rabobank related entities. Refer to note 22 for further information on related party disclosures.

14 Equity

14.1 Contributed equity

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017	At 30/09/20161	At 31/12/2016
Ordinary share capital	551,200	551,200	551,200
Total contributed equity	551,200	551,200	551,200

Prior to February 1998, the Bank issued 20,600,000 ordinary shares at a value of \$2 per share. On 11 August 2010, the Bank issued 150,000,000 ordinary shares at a value of \$2 per share. On 19 September 2012, the Bank issued 55,000,000 ordinary shares at a value of \$2 per share. On 20 September 2013, the Bank issued 50,000,000 ordinary shares at a value of \$2 per share.

As at 30 September 2017, total authorised and paid up capital comprises 275,600,000 ordinary shares fully paid ranking equally as to dividends, voting rights and rights to share in any surplus on winding up (31 December 2016: 275,600,000; 30 September 2016: 275,600,000). Each share was issued at \$2 and has no par value. The ordinary share capital qualifies as Common Equity Tier 1 capital for capital adequacy purposes.

14 Equity (continued)

14.2 Reserves			
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017	At 30/09/20161	At 31/12/2016
AFS financial assets reserve			
Opening balance	803	115	115
Changes in AFS financial assets revaluation reserve (gross)	1,201	4,456	956
Changes in AFS financial assets revaluation reserve (deferred tax)	(336)	(1,248)	(268)
Total AFS financial assets reserve	1,668	3,323	803

The nature and purpose of the AFS financial assets reserve is to record the unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of AFS financial assets. The AFS financial assets reserve qualifies as Common Equity Tier 1 capital for capital adequacy purposes.

15 Contingent liabilities

Through the normal course of business, the Bank may be involved in litigation claims. The aggregate potential liability arising in respect of these claims cannot be accurately assessed. Provisions have been made where appropriate for likely loss of actual and potential claims after review has been made on a case by case basis. The Bank does not consider that the outcome of any claims made either individually or in aggregate are likely to have a material effect on its operation or financial position.

The Bank is party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet credit risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers and in managing its own risk profile. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit, facilities, financial guarantees, and standby letters of credit. The Bank's exposure to credit loss in the event of non-performance by the other party to such financial instruments is represented by the contract or notional amount of those instruments. However, some commitments to extend credit and provide underwriting facilities can be cancelled or revoked at any time at the Bank's option. The Bank uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments.

The following table shows the maximum amount payable for the following contingent liabilities.

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017	At 30/09/20161	At 31/12/2016
Guarantees	4,833	4,021	4,501
Lending commitments			
Irrevocable lending commitments	89,138	94,567	95,847
Revocable lending commitments	1,236,934	1,154,334	1,203,521
Total contingent liabilities	1,330,905	1,252,922	1,303,869

Guarantees represent conditional undertakings by the Bank to support the financial obligations of its customers to third parties. Lending commitments include the Bank's obligations to provide funding facilities which remain undrawn at balance date, or where letter of offers have been issued but not yet accepted.

16 Expenditure commitments

16.1 Capital expenditure commitments

Estimated capital expenditure contracted for at balance date, but not provided for, or payable:

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017	At 30/09/20161	At 31/12/2016
One year or less	-	-	-
Total capital expenditure commitments	-	_	

16.2 Operating lease commitments

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017	At 30/09/20161	At 31/12/2016
One year or less	3,923	4,566	4,414
Between one and two years	2,976	3,316	2,610
Between two and five years	4,236	5,247	4,778
Over five years	903	1,636	1,426
Total operating lease commitments	12,038	14,765	13,228

16 Expenditure commitments (continued)

16.2 Operating lease commitments (continued)

Lease arrangements entered into by the Bank are for the purpose of accommodating the Bank's needs. These include operating lease arrangements over premises, motor vehicles used by staff in conducting business and office equipment such as photocopiers and printers.

Leases may be over commercial and residential premises and reflect the needs of the occupying business and market conditions. All leases are negotiated with external professional property advisors acting for the Bank. Rental payments are determined in terms of the relevant lease requirements, usually reflecting market rentals as described by standard valuation practice. The Bank as lessee has no purchase options over premises occupied. There are no restrictions imposed on the Bank's lease of space other than those forming part of the negotiated lease arrangements for each specific premises.

17 Reconciliation of net cash flows from operating activities

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	9 months to	9 months to	Year to
in thousands of NZD	30/09/2017	30/09/2016 ¹	31/12/2016
Net profit after tax	78,482	70,383	89,469
Non-cash items	4,838	16,556	14,882
Deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments			
Change in net operating assets and liabilities	(321,804)	(211,611)	(146,440)
Change in interest receivable/payable	(1,197)	(16,808)	(7,379)
Change in other deferrals or accruals	2,242	1,860	15,104
Net cash flows from / (used in) operating activities	(237,439)	(139,620)	(34,364)

¹ Prior period comparatives have been restated. Refer to note 2.6 for details.

18 Concentration of credit exposures to individual counterparties

	Unaudited	
	At 30/09/2017	Peak for the quarter
Number of bank counterparties:		
Percentage of bank's equity		
10-15%	-	_
15-20%	-	-
20-25%	-	-
Number of non-bank counterparties:		
Percentage of bank's equity		
10-15%	_	_
15-20%	-	-

All non-bank counterparties included in the preceding table do not have a long-term credit rating.

Credit exposure is calculated on the basis of actual exposure net of individual credit impairment provision and excludes credit exposures to connected persons; credit exposures to the central government of any country with a long-term credit rating of A- or A3 or above, or its equivalent; and credit exposures to any bank with a long-term credit rating of A- or A3 or above, or its equivalent.

The peak end-of-day credit exposure is measured by taking the maximum end-of-day aggregate credit exposure during the quarter and dividing it by the Bank's equity as at the end of the quarter.

19 Fair value of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis either at fair value or amortised cost. NZ IFRS 13 'Fair value measurement' requires the Bank to disclose the fair value of those financial instruments not already carried at fair value in the Balance Sheet.

The estimated fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities are:

	Unau	dited	Unaud	dited	Audi	ited
	At 30/0	9/2017	At 30/09/2016 ¹		At 31/12/2016	
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
In thousands of NZD	amount	value	amount	value	amount	value
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	281,839	281,839	210,274	210,274	283,588	283,588
Derivative financial instruments	3,967	3,967	5,943	5,943	3,960	3,960
Available-for-sale financial assets	656,519	656,519	687,629	687,629	724,154	724,154
Loans and advances	9,954,933	10,147,520	9,607,473	9,788,260	9,652,399	9,818,277
Due from related entities	506,688	502,883	578,644	571,352	615,166	611,851
Other financial assets	5,411	5,411	5,414	5,414	4,147	4,147
Total financial assets	11,409,357	11,598,139	11,095,377	11,268,872	11,283,414	11,445,977
Financial liabilities						
Derivative financial instruments	4,023	4,023	6,083	6,083	4,048	4,048
Deposits	3,935,361	3,956,707	3,951,904	3,978,628	4,141,448	4,160,629
Due to related entities	5,955,144	6,030,143	5,497,399	5,543,979	5,468,435	5,501,964
Subordinated debt	60,217	67,473	301,148	331,818	304,554	338,284
Other financial liabilities	7,539	7,539	7,770	7,770	9,071	9,071
Total financial liabilities	9,962,284	10,065,885	9,764,304	9,868,278	9,927,556	10,013,996

¹ Prior period comparatives have been restated. Refer to note 2.6 for details.

Fair value hierarchy

The Bank categorises its fair value measurements on the basis of inputs used in measuring fair value using the fair value hierarchy below:

Level 1: Financial instruments that have been valued by reference to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments. This category includes financial instruments valued using quoted yields where available for specific debt securities.

Level 2: Financial instruments that have been valued through valuation techniques incorporating inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for a similar financial asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Financial instruments that have been valued using valuation techniques which incorporate significant inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Valuation methodology

Financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value

For financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value, fair value has been derived as follows:

Derivative financial instruments and Available-for-sale financial assets

Fair values are based on quoted market prices. Where a quoted price is not available, fair values are estimated using quoted market prices for securities with similar credit, maturity and yield characteristics, or market accepted valuation models as appropriate (including discounted cash flow models) based on current market yields for similar types of instruments and the maturity of each instrument.

A Credit Valuation Adjustment (CVA) is applied to the Bank's over-the-counter derivative exposures to take into account the counterparty's risk of default when measuring the fair value of the derivative. The Bank uses a Bilateral Credit Valuation Adjustment (BCVA) methodology to calculate the expected future credit exposure for all derivative exposures including inputs regarding probabilities of default (PDs) and loss given default (LGD).

19 Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value (continued)

The following table categorise financial assets and financial liabilities that are recognised and measured at fair value according to the three levels of hierarchy.

in thousands of NZD	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
At 30 September 2017 (Unaudited)				
Financial assets				
Derivative financial instruments	-	3,967	-	3,967
Available-for-sale financial assets	656,519	-	-	656,519
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	-	4,023	-	4,023
in thousands of NZD	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
At 30 September 2016 (Unaudited)				
Financial assets				
Derivative financial instruments	-	5,943	-	5,943
Available-for-sale financial assets	687,629	-	-	687,629
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	-	6,083	-	6,083
in thousands of NZD	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
At 31 December 2016 (Audited)				
Financial assets				
Derivative financial instruments	-	3,960	-	3,960
Available-for-sale financial assets	724,154	_	-	724,154
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	-	4,048	-	4,048

Transfers in and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels are reported using the end-of-period fair values.

Financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortised cost

For financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortised cost, an estimate of the fair value has been derived as follows, and are categorised as level 3 (with the exception of cash and cash equivalents which are level 1, and due from other financial institutions and deposits which are level 2).

Cash and cash equivalents

Fair value approximates carrying value due to their short term nature, frequent repricing or high credit rating.

Loans and advances and Due from related entities

The carrying value of loans and advances and due from related entities is net of collective and specific provisions. Fair value of call and variable rate loans and advances approximate their carrying value as they are short term in nature or payable on demand. Fair value of term loans and advances are estimated using discounted cash flows, applying market rates offered for loans of similar remaining maturities.

Other financial assets and Other financial liabilities

For all other financial assets and financial liabilities fair value approximates carrying value due to their short term nature, frequent repricing or high credit rating.

Due to financial institutions, Deposits and Due to related entities

Fair value of call and variable rate deposits approximate their carrying value as they are short term in nature or payable on demand.

Fair value of term deposits are estimated using discounted cash flows, applying market rates offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities.

Subordinated debt

Fair values are calculated using discounted cash flow models based on repricing dates, with discount rates at current interest rates for instruments with similar maturity.

20 Capital adequacy under the standardised approach

20.1 Capital

	Unaudited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017
Tier 1 capital, which consists of:	
Common Equity Tier 1 capital	1,432,579
Additional Tier 1 capital	-
Tier 2 capital	60,000
Total Capital	1,492,579

20.2 Deductions included in calculation of capital

	Unaudited
in thousands of NZD	At 30/09/2017
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 capital	(13,355)
Deductions from Additional Tier 1 capital	-
Deductions from Tier 2 capital	-

The above balances are derived in accordance with the conditions of registration relating to capital adequacy and the Reserve Bank document entitled "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standarised Approach)" (BS2A).

20.3 Pillar 1 capital requirements

	Unaudited
	At 30/09/2017
	Pillar one
	capital
in thousands of NZD	requirement
On-balance sheet credit risk:	
Residential mortgages (including past due)	1,093
Corporate	
Claims on banks	3,767
Claims on banks - related entities	192
Other	802,794
Total on-balance sheet credit risk	807,846
Other capital requirements:	
Off-balance sheet credit exposures	5,121
Operational risk	57,332
Market risk	19,530
Total other capital requirements	81,983
Total Pillar 1 capital requirements	889,829

20.4 Residential mortgages

Residential mortgages by loan-to-valuation ratio ("LVR")

	30/09/	30/09/2017 (Unaudited)		
in thousands of NZD	Drawn amounts	Undrawn amounts	Total	
LVR range				
Does not exceed 80%	32,463	7,274	39,737	
Exceeds 80% and not 90%	4,593	944	5,537	
Exceeds 90%		-	-	
Total	37,056	8,218	45,274	

20 Capital adequacy under the standardised approach (continued)

20.5 Capital ratios

	30/09/2017 (unaudited)		
	Ratio	Minimum Ratio ratio requirement	
	%	%	
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	12.88%	4.50%	
Tier 1 capital ratio	12.88%	6.00%	
Total capital ratio	13.42%	8.00%	

The above balances are derived in accordance with the conditions of registration relating to capital adequacy and the Reserve Bank document entitled "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standarised Approach)" (BS2A).

20.6 Buffer ratio

	Unaudited 30/09/2017
	%
Buffer ratio	5.42%
Buffer ratio requirement	2.50%

The buffer ratio is defined as the amount of Common Equity Tier 1 not required to meet the minimum capital ratio requirements. The above ratios are derived in accordance with the conditions of registration relating to capital adequacy and the Reserve Bank document entitled "Capital Adequacy Framework" (Standardised Approach) (BS2A).

20.7 Pillar 2 capital for other material risks

	Unaudited
in thousands of NZD	30/09/2017
Internal capital allocation for other material risks	44,491

The Pillar 2 risks that the Bank has identified are described below:

(i) Credit concentration risk: Concentration risk of a loan portfolio is a function of the relative proportion of loans across industry sectors, geographic areas, specific borrowers, credit quality and size of exposures.

(ii) Liquidity risk: Liquidity risk is the combined risks of not being able to meet financial obligations as they fall due (funding liquidity risk); and that liquidity in financial markets may reduce significantly (market liquidity risk).

(iii) Reputation risk: Reputation risk is the potential that negative publicity, perception and/or loss of confidence regarding Rabobank New Zealand's business practices, whether true or not, will cause Rabobank New Zealand's clients, employees and other key stakeholders to lose trust in the organisation.

The Bank has reviewed these other risks and does not believe any individual risk as being material and requiring a capital allocation. However, consistent with the Bank's ICAAP and the Bank's prudent capital management, it believes that 5% of Pillar 1 capital for Pillar 2 would provide sufficient capital given the current risk profile. The internal capital allocation for the Pillar 2 risks forms part of the internal capital buffer.

The Bank will review this allocation methodology every reporting period in line with industry practice as this area evolves over time.

21 Additional information on statement of financial position

	Unaudited
in thousands of NZD	30/09/2017
Total interest earning and discount bearing assets	11,391,131
Total interest and discount bearing liabilities	9,872,132
Financial assets pledged as collateral	

22 Related party disclosures

The Bank's parent entity is Rabobank International Holding B.V. The ultimate controlling entity is Rabobank. Both the parent entity and the ultimate controlling entity are incorporated in The Netherlands. Dealings with the parent and ultimate controlling entity include lending, funding, deposits and derivative transactions.

22.1 Transactions with related parties

(i) Commission and fee expense

A fee of \$0.64 million was charged to the Bank by Rabobank in consideration for providing the obligations guarantees for the nine month period ended 30 September 2017 (December 2016: \$1.1 million; September 2016: \$0.83 million).

(ii) Guarantees

The first period

For the period 18 February 1998 to 17 February 2008 ("the First Period"), the obligations of the Bank were guaranteed pursuant to a deed of guarantee dated 18 February 1998 (as amended by an amending deed dated 19 February 1998) by Rabobank in favour of Permanent Trustee Company Limited (the "Trustee") as trustee for the creditors of the Bank (the "First Guarantee").

Whilst the First Guarantee expired on 17 February 2008, all obligations incurred by the Bank during the First Period will continue to be covered by the First Guarantee until those obligations are repaid.

The second period

For the period 18 February 2008 to 17 February 2010 ("the Second Period"), the obligations of the Bank were guaranteed pursuant to a deed of guarantee dated 6 February 2008 by Rabobank in favour of the creditors of the Bank (the "Second Guarantee").

Whilst the Second Guarantee expired on 17 February 2010, all obligations incurred by the Bank during the Second Period will continue to be covered by the Second Guarantee until those obligations are repaid.

The third period

For the period 18 February 2010 to 17 February 2012 ("the Third Period"), the obligations of the Bank were guaranteed pursuant to a deed of guarantee dated 1 September 2009 by Rabobank in favour of the creditors of the Bank (the "Third Guarantee").

Whilst Third Guarantee expired on 17 February 2012, all obligations incurred by the Bank during the Third Period will continue to be covered by the Third Guarantee until those obligations are repaid.

The fourth period

For the period 18 February 2012 to 17 February 2013 ("the Fourth Period"), the obligations of the Bank were guaranteed pursuant to a deed of guarantee dated 10 October 2011 by Rabobank in favour of the creditors of the Bank (the "Fourth Guarantee").

Whilst the Fourth Guarantee expired on 17 February 2013, all obligations incurred by the Bank during the Fourth Period will be covered by the Fourth Guarantee until those obligations are repaid.

The fifth period

For the period 18 February 2013 to 17 February 2014 ("the Fifth Period"), the obligations of the Bank are guaranteed pursuant to a deed of guarantee dated 9 July 2012 by Rabobank in favour of the creditors of the Bank (the "Fifth Guarantee").

Whilst the Fifth Guarantee expired on 17 February 2014 all obligations incurred by the Bank during the Fifth Period will be covered by the Fifth Guarantee until those obligations are repaid.

The sixth period

For the period 18 February 2014 to 17 February 2015 ("the Sixth Period"), the obligations of the Bank are guaranteed pursuant to a deed of guarantee dated 20 August 2013 by Rabobank in favour of the creditors of the Bank (the "Sixth Guarantee").

Whilst the Sixth Guarantee expired on 17 February 2015 all obligations incurred by the Bank during the Sixth Period will be covered by the Sixth Guarantee until those obligations are repaid.

22 Related party disclosures (continued)

22.1 Transactions with related parties (continued)

(ii) Guarantees (continued)

The seventh period

For the period 18 February 2015 to 30 April 2015 ("the Seventh Period"), the obligations of the Bank will be guaranteed pursuant to a deed of guarantee dated 19 September 2014 by Rabobank in favour of the creditors of the Bank (the "Seventh Guarantee").

Whilst the Seventh Guarantee expired on 30 April 2015, all obligations incurred by the Registered Bank up to the close of 30 April 2015 will continue to be covered by the Seventh Guarantee or one of the earlier guarantees described above (as applicable), until those obligations are repaid or otherwise satisfied.

Further information about the expiry of the guarantee can be found at www.rabodirect.co.nz.

(iii) Management fees

A management fee of \$26.5 million was charged to the Bank by the Australia Branch of Rabobank for the provision of administrative and management services. Some operating expenses of the Bank are paid and re-charged to the Bank by this related entity (December 2016: \$36.4 million; September 2016: \$27.8 million).

A management fee of \$7 million was charged to the Bank by the Rabobank Head Office in the Netherlands for the provision of administrative and management services (December 2016: \$17.4 million; September 2016: \$8.4 million).

A management fee of \$0.7 million (31 December 2016: \$1.7 million; 31 September 2016: \$1.5 million) was charged to NZ Branch of Rabobank by the Bank for the provision of administrative and management services.

(iv) Other transactions

The Bank enters into a number of transactions with other related entities within the Rabobank Group of entities, but mainly with the New Zealand Branches of Rabobank (Refer to notes 10, 12 and 13 for period ending balances). These include funding and derivative transactions. The interest income earned on related entities transactions was \$8.3 million (December 2016: \$11.0 million; September 2016: \$8 million), and the interest expense paid on related entities transactions was \$140.1 million (December 2016: \$202.1 million; September 2016: \$153.4 million). The principal amounts of due from and due to the related entities are separately disclosed in the statement of financial position and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

(v) Working capital facilities

A loan facility of EUR 4.6 billion was granted by the New Zealand Branch of Rabobank to the Bank on 21 December 2016. The unused amount at 30 September 2017 was EUR 0.9 billion.

22.2 Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

All transactions with related parties are made in the ordinary course of business at arm's length terms and conditions.

Outstanding balances at period end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash.

22.3 Provision for impairment

For the period ended 30 September 2017, the Bank has not made any provision for impairment relating to amounts owed by related parties as there has been no history of defaults (2016: Nil). An impairment assessment is undertaken at each period end by examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates to determine whether there is objective evidence that a related party receivable is impaired. When such objective evidence exists, the Bank recognises a provision for impairment.

23 Subsequent events

The Directors are not aware of any event or circumstances since the end of the period not otherwise dealt with in this report that has or may significantly affect the operations of the Bank, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Bank in subsequent financial years.

24 Dividend

No dividend was proposed or paid by the Bank for the nine month period ended 30 September 2017 (2016: Nil).